

1st Regional Roundtable on WEFE Nexus in the Mediterranean "Promoting innovations, investments and upscaling of solutions"



Defining the WEFE Nexus concept

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Emerging needs for an urgent, alternative approach: the NEXUS

Population growth, urbanisation and littoralization increase dramatically the demand for water, energy and food, globally and in the Mediterranean region, while at the same time **unprecedented extreme weather and climatic conditions** further **endanger** the ecosystems and biodiversity as well as the sustainable provision of water, energy and food.

The WEFE Nexus could provide a sound foundation for longterm social and economic stability by constituting the prerequisite for addressing climate change and biodiversity loss and for the management of public goods, the welfare state, peace and security in the Mediterranean region.







WEFE Nexus is an approach that **integrates management and governance** across the multiple sectors of water, energy, food, and ecosystems.

This approach is a way to **make sure that policies and management** of water, energy, food and ecosystems **are not applied separately**. Simply this is not any longer possible, because of their complexity and interdependence.

Globally, as well as in the Mediterranean region, there is a growing recognition of the interconnectedness between Water, Energy, Food and Ecosystem Security, and the need to be addressed as a system.





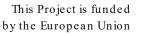
Accepting the reality requires integration through fair cooperation

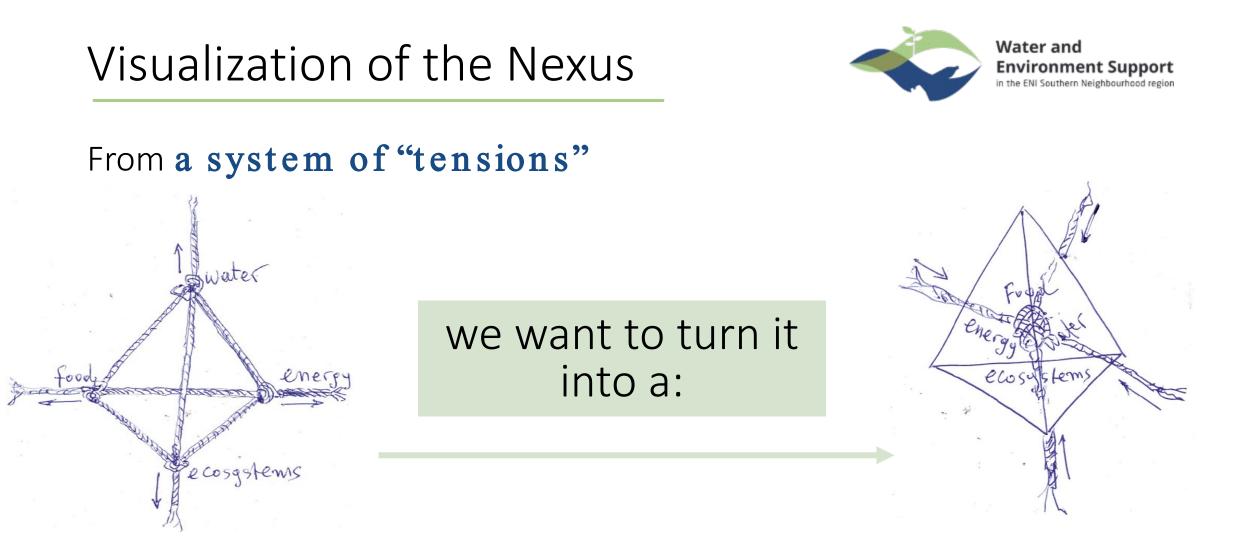


- The concept of Nexus is the **epitome of integration** and facilitates not only the proper understanding **of interrelationships of water, energy, food and ecosystems**, but also the need of policies and interventions in these sectors to be promoted in a coherent and coordinated way so that risks are reduced, security is enhanced, savings are made and sustainable development is approached.
- In essence, through the Nexus approach we accept that our policies and practices in each one of the above mentioned sectors, should take into account and internalize the necessary elements of policies of the other sectors facilitating a coherent and integrated management of all the four.
- If the Nexus components are not adequately integrated, then policies cannot be implemented without creating collateral damages, or in the best case, internal frictions, delays and stagnation.

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a system of "convergence"

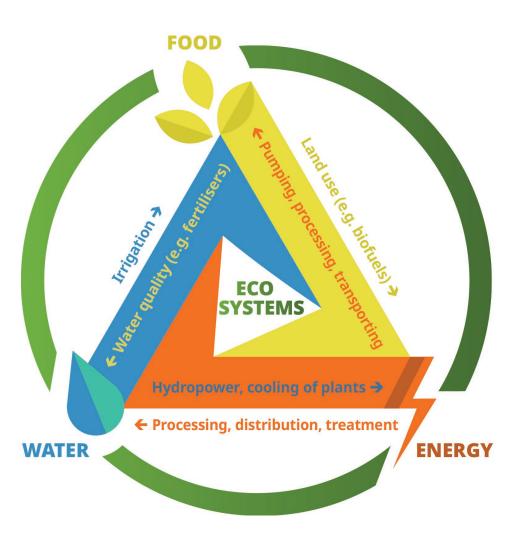


Visualization of the Nexus

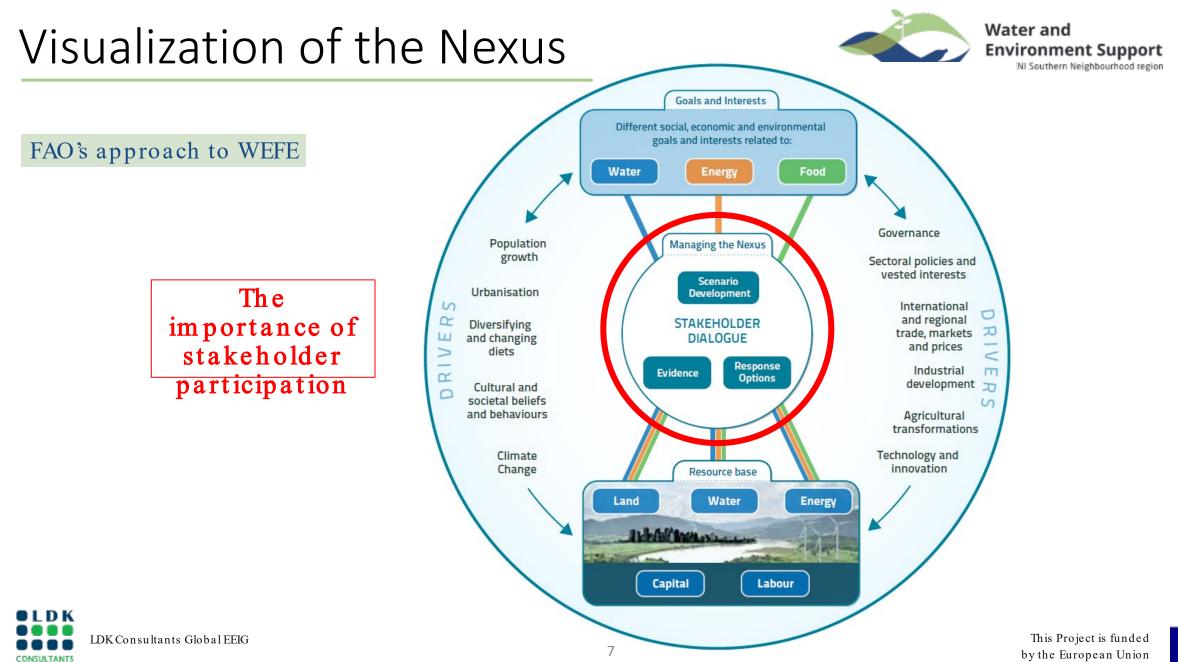


There are several visualization attempts.

This one is closer to the traditional WEF approach where ecosystems are not fully considered as a productive entity.

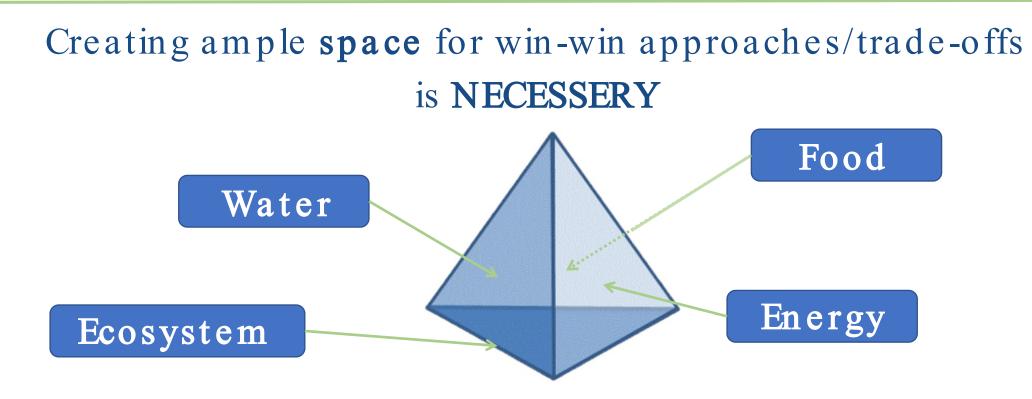








Visualization of the Nexus where the "generated space" becomes prominent



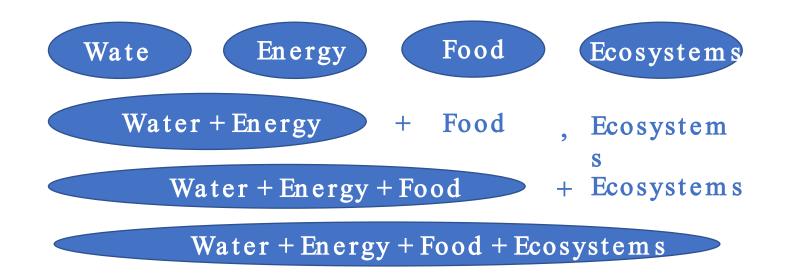
It provides the "space" within which policies and interventions should be closely coordinated and optimized in order to approach SD and achieve the SDGs.





Evolution of WEFE planning, policies, co-decision and operations







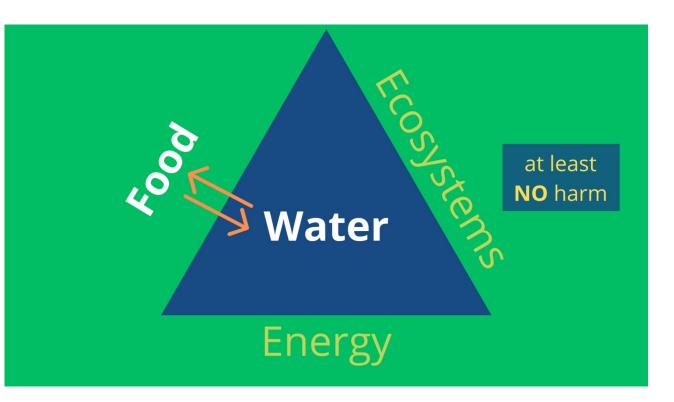
Demystifying WEFE: a didactic step-wise approach

Evolution of WEFE planning, policies and operations

Although planning with 4 components is feasible this is still more complex than the prevailing single-sector planning.

An intermediate operational step (applied already within WES) would be to plan for each component (e.g. Water) to interact with one of the other 3 (e.g. Food) for the achievement of optimal results, BUT at the same time, it is important to secure (at least), that there will be no damage for the rest of them.

Gradually, if this approach becomes the prevailing practice for interactions among all 4 components, the WEFE Nexus approach will be **achieved**.

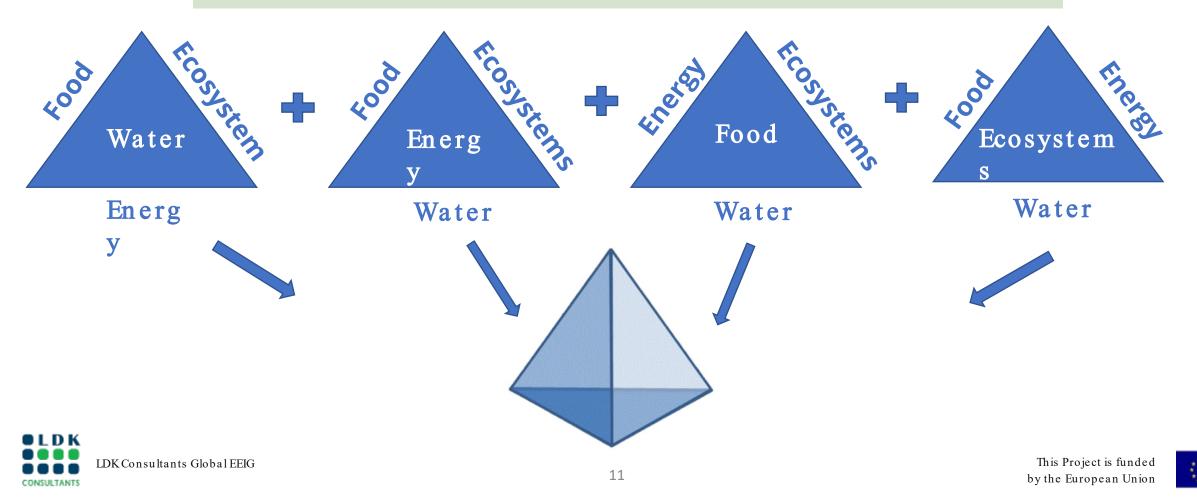




Demystifying WEFE

Evolution of WEFE planning, policies and operations

Evolution based on mutual efforts of the sectors to get integrated



The "Nexus" approach enhances security & resilience



Addressing security of the **system** requires both:

- Reducing the competition among sectors and other conditions, pressures and root causes of the vulnerability of the system.
- Enhancing its resilience (the ability of a system to return to equilibrium after a perturbation or disturbance)

To implement the above, an **integrated management** is needed by employing **appropriate governance** and all three categories of tools identified for achieving Sustainable Development:

- Scientific/technological,
- Institutional/legislation and
- Educational/information/awareness raising/cultural



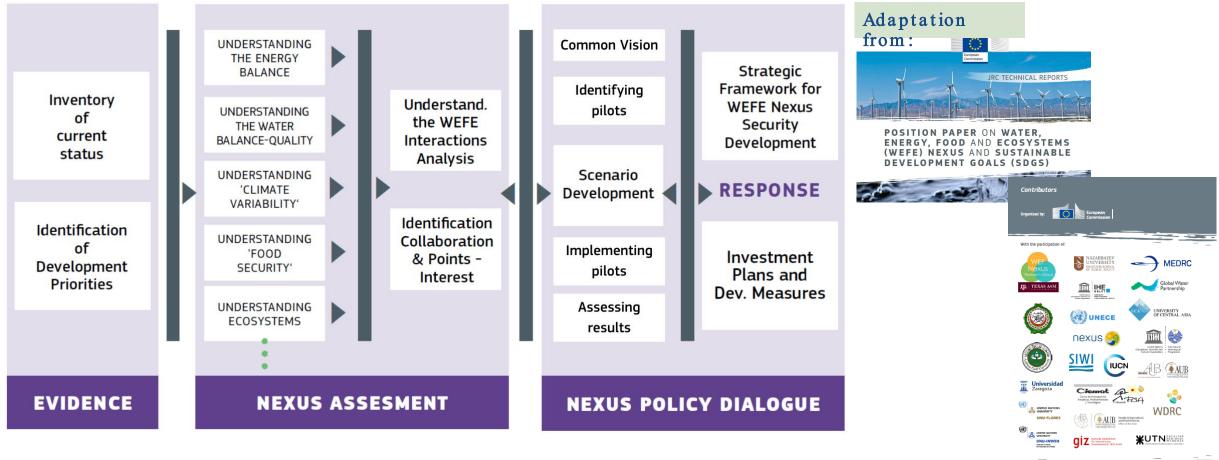
Water and Environment Support in the ENI Southern Neighbourhood region

Fundamental WEFE principles for elaborating integrated solutions leading to sustainability:

- Comprehending interdependencies of the 4 components as part of a system across space and time.
- Focusing on the efficiency of the function of the system, rather than on the productivity of each one of the components.
- Mutually recognizing among sectors the **interdependencies among all components** and get involved in rational and inclusive dialogue leading to decision-making processes for efficient and responsible use of the 4 components.
- Identifying integrated policy solutions to maximize mutually beneficial responses and minimizing unwanted collateral damages (time)
- Encourage and maintain coordination across sectors and stakeholders, focusing on Public-Private Partnerships to enhance sustainability of synergies.



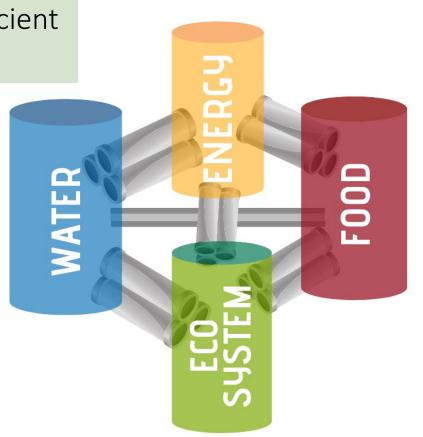
Ongoing NEXUS process towards a Strategic Framework





Water and

Environment Support in the ENI Southern Neighbourhood region WEFE requires the *"abolishment"* of the traditional *"silos"* approach, not necessarily by *"abandoning"* individual sectors, but by providing wide and multiple channels of efficient interconnection.





WEFE Nexus highlights enhanced needs and opportunities for funding from other sectors/silos

- Economy
- Security
- Welfare

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• Employment

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Areas where Nexus approaches are established or in the pipeline



- Wastewater treatment with low energy requirements (e.g. with Nature-Based solutions/constructed wetlands and use of renewable energies) re-using water in agriculture for food production
- Domestic wastewater as source of nutrients/fertilizers for agriculture employing renewable energies
- Use of solid waste and/or sludge for production of compost with very low/renewable energy inputs to improve soil fertility for agriculture and landscaping

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Thank you for your attention and keep up with our latest news!

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