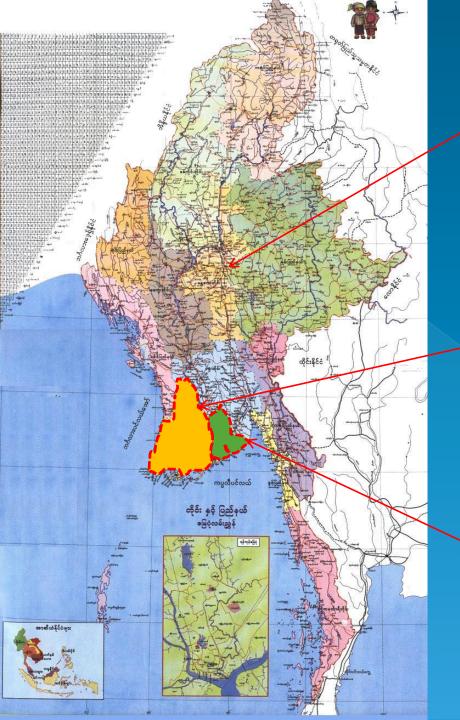




Integrated Water System Development Exemplified by PanHlaing River Rehabilitation Project

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Country Myanmar

Area: 676,577 Sq-Km Population: 51,419,420

Ayeyarwady Region

Area: 35,032 Sq-Km Population: 6,175,123

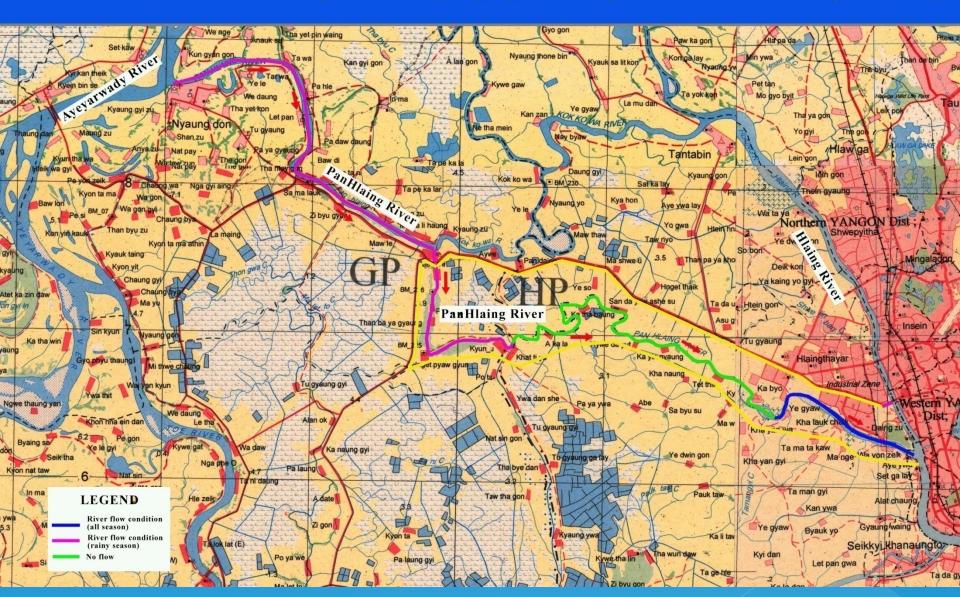
Yangon Region

Area: 10,170 Sq-Km Population: 7,355,075

Background Information

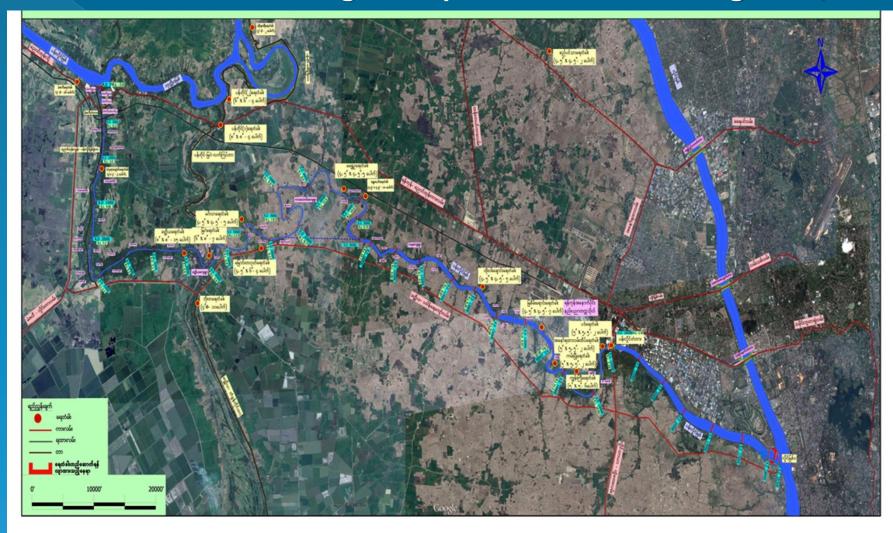
- PanHlaing River is one of the main tributaries of Ayeyarwady River and flows into Hlaing River near the Yangon City.
- The main function of PanHlaing River is contributed as drainage channel in flood season and also used for navigation all year round.
- In the past decades, functions of PanHlaing River is deviated due to siltation in the main course.
- The length of PanHlaing River from junction with Kokkowa River to the mouth is about 34 miles (54.7 km) and it can use only 10 miles (16.1 km) for navigation at present.
- Rehabilitation (Re-excavation) Project will be initiated and setup the plan for development of PanHlaing River including its surrounding.
- PanHlaing Sluice Gates construction is one of the infrastructures development.

Location of PanHlaing River (Ayeyarwady River - Hlaing River)



Total length of PanHlaing River to be rehabilitated (re-excavated): 54.7 km

Rehabilitation of PanHlaing River Project Location of PanHlaing River (Kokkowa River - Hlaing River)



Total length of PanHlaing River to be rehabilitated (re-excavated): 34 miles (54.7 km) [7.5 miles in Ayeyarwady; 26.5 miles in Yangon]

Objectives of the Project

- To achieve the original channel morphology of PanHlaing River especially in the manner of drainage purpose and navigation
- To supply the fresh water for agricultural development scheme and Industrial zone
- To prevent the sea water intrusion (saline water) and siltation problem
- To establish the agricultural production zone targeted for rural area development



Proposed Alignment of Sluice Gate



PanHlaing River at the junction with Kokkowa River (R.D-0+000')



PanHlaing River at Mazali Bridge (R.D-2+800')

Investigation Works Undertaken

Topographic Area Survey
Hydrological Investigation & Analysis
Geological Investigation
Socio-economic Survey

□ Rehabilitation Works Undertaken

Construction (9) - RD 0+000 to RD 46+000

Construction (1) - RD 46+000 to RD 90+000

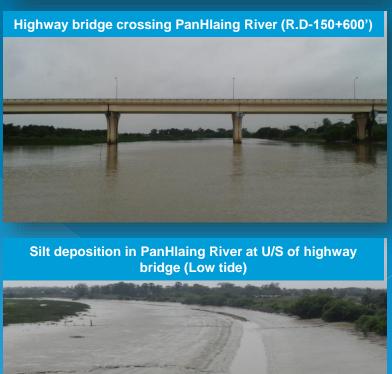
Construction (9) - RD 90+000 to RD 120+000

Construction (1) - RD 120+000 to RD 145+000

Yangon Region O&M Branch - RD 145+000 to

RD 181+500





■ Benefits of the Project (For Agriculture)

Total Flood Protected Land Area 48,065 hectares

Total Flood Protected Crop Area 44,778 hectares

In Ayeyarwady Region

NyaungDon Township

- Flood Protected Land Area 7,614 hectares
- Flood Protected Crop Area 6,096 hectares

In Yangon Region

TwanTe Township

- Flood Protected Land Area 30,623 hectares
- Flood Protected Crop Area 30,212 hectares

HtanTabin Township

- Flood Protected Land Area 9,828 hectares
- Flood Protected Crop Area 8,470 hectares







Minimum flow condition of summer season (R.D-19+000')



Ayeyarwady Region, Length = 7.52 miles





PanHlaing River at 2003, near Khat thi ya sluice gate, RD 35+000





Mya Ge sluice gate, RD 46+000

PanHlaing River at 2014, near Khat thi ya sluice gate

Yangon Region, Length = 26.6 miles



PanHlaing River at 2003
Sandayaw sluice gate
Drain out water to PanHlaing River



PanHlaing River at 2014
Sandayaw sluice gate
Drain out water to PanHlaing River

Before



After







PanHlaing River at RD 0+000







PanHlaing River at RD 26+000

Before



After







PanHlaing River at RD 139+000 To RD 140+000







PanHlaing River at RD 145+000 To RD 160+695

Before

During Construction

After







PanHlaing River, Temporary Dyke at RD 158+000







PanHlaing River, Temporary Dyke at RD 174+750



RD 8+000 to RD 10+000 Embankment / Gangar Road way



RD 10+000
Than payar creek sluice



RD 56+000 Mingalar sluice gate



RD 58+000 Kha Naung Paw and Lay Ein Su Village Bridge



RD 67+000 Outlet



RD 78+150 Culvert



PanHlaing River Rehabilitation Work at Confluence of Kokkowa River and PanHlaing River (RD 0+000)



PanHlaing River Rehabilitation Work at RD 46+000 to RD 50+000



PanHlaing River Rehabilitation Work at RD 145+000



Temporary Dyke Construction at RD 175+000

Conclusions

- Irrigation Water Supply, Drainage and Flood Protection for Land and Crop Areas
- Fresh Water Supply for Possible
 Expansion of the Urbanized Area of
 Yangon City
- Navigation
- Better Socio-economic, Trading and Transportation Conditions for Local Rural Communities





Thank You for Your Kind Attention

